## Designed Synthesis and Assembly of Inorganic Nanomaterials for Energy and Catalytic Applications

## Taeghwan Hyeon<sup>1,2,\*</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Institute for Basic Science (IBS), Republic of Korea <sup>2</sup>Seoul National University, Republic of Korea

\*E-mail address: thyeon@snu.ac.kr

Recently we have focused on the architecture engineering of inorganic nanomaterials for their applications to electrocatalysis and photocatalysis. We present a synthesis of highly durable and active fuel cell electrocatalysts based on ordered M-Pt alloy nanoparticles for oxygen reduction reaction (ORR) in PEMFC. We synthesized highly active and stable electrocatalysts for hydrogen peroxide (H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>) production including Co-N<sub>4</sub>(O) moiety incorporated in nitrogen-doped graphene (Co<sub>1</sub>-NG(O)) and cobalt phthalocyanine (CoPc) immobilized on oxidized carbon nanotube substrate. The electrocatalytic oxygen evolution reaction (OER) plays a pivotal role in the mass production of hydrogen fuel and chemical feedstocks by various electrochemical reactions. We report that early transition metals with vacant d orbitals ( $d^0$ -oxoanions) directly participate in and accelerate the alkaline OER via a redox cycle associated with early transition metal-peroxo species. We demonstrate that active machine-learning on even small datasets can discover a "champion" four-metal perovskite oxide OER catalyst. We report on the design and synthesis of highly active TiO<sub>2</sub> photocatalysts incorporated with site-specific single copper atoms that exhibit high photocatalytic hydrogen generation and CO<sub>2</sub> photoreduction activity. We presented a floatable photocatalytic platform constructed from elastomer-hydrogel nanocomposites, demonstrating its superiority over conventional systems in solar hydrogen production. We demonstrated a general method for synthesizing atomically dispersed catalysts via photochemical defect tuning for controlling oxygen vacancy dynamics.

**References** 

- [1] T. Y. Yoo et al., Energy Environ. Sci. 16, 1146 (2023).
- [2] M. H. Oh et al., *Nature* 359, 577 (**2020**).
- [3] J. Jo et al., Nano Lett. 22, 3636 (2022).
- [4] J. Kim et al., Adv. Mater. 34, 2107868 (2022).
- [5] E. Jung et al., *Nat. Mater.* 19, 436 (**2020**).
- [6] B. -H. Lee et al., Nat. Catal. 6, 234 (2023).
- [7] H. S. Lee et al., *Joule* 7, 1902 (**2023**).
- [8] K. Lee et al., *Chem* 9, 3600 (**2023**).
- [9] J. Moon et al., Nat. Mater. 23, 108 (2024).
- [10] B. -H. Lee et al., *Energy Environ. Sci.* 15, 601 (2022).
- [11] W. H. Lee et al., Nat. Nanotechnol. 18, 754 (2023).
- [12] C. W. Lee et al., *Nat. Mater.* 23, 552 (**2024**).